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# LETTER DATED 6 OCTOBER 1992 FROM THE PERMANENT REPRESENTATIVE OF BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA ADDRESSED TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL

I have the honour to present to you the attached letter, dated 5 October 1992, from the Acting President of the Republic of Bosnia and Herzegovina, Mr. Ejup Ganic.

May I ask for your kind assistance in circulating this letter as a document of the Security Council.

Sincerely,

(Signed) Muhamed SACIRBEY
Ambassador and
Permanent Representative

Annex

Letter dated 5 October 1992 from the Acting President of the Republic of Bosnia and Herzegovina addressed to the President of the Security Council

The Government of the Republic of Bosnia and Herzegovina protests vigorously, to the London Conference and its operative body, the United Nations Security Council, regarding the latest attack on the city of Sarajevo.

The barbaric terror against Bosnia and Herzegovina has reached new heights despite the London Conference accords, where the Belgrade regime and its proxies in Bosnia and Herzegovina agreed to, inter alia, place their heavy weapons under control of the United Nations Protection Force (UNPROFOR). Today, the aggressor used these same weapons in an intensified attempt to advance its positions around Sarajevo.

As of today, however, the aggressor is using inflammable artillery as a new tactic in pursuing "ethnic cleansing" in Sarajevo. Consequently, numerous buildings were left burning, including a hospitality edifice, electrical utility headquarters, county administration building, post office and a number of large residential buildings.

This new tactic of using inflammable artillery leaves the citizens of Sarajevo virtually powerless, since the aggressor has embargoed the city's water supply, and the Security Council has embargoed the country's ability to obtain defensive weapons.

The Security Council must, without delay, proceed with a policy of enforcement in respect of its resolutions and the London Conference accords. Otherwise, the Security Council must, without delay, restore the right of citizens of Bosnia and Herzegovina to defend themselves. The arms embargo imposed on the former Yugoslavia in resolution 713 (1991) should not apply to Bosnia and Herzegovina, if the Security Council is not ready or willing to enforce its resolutions and the London Conference accords.

The Security Council must either enforce its resolutions and the London Conference accords or allow the innocent citizens of Bosnia and Herzegovina to obtain arms to defend themselves. Failure to do either implicitly supports the burning of Sarajevo. Failure to do either implicitly supports "ethnic cleansing" in Bosnia and Herzegovina. Failure to do either implicitly supports the aggression against Bosnia and Herzegovina.

(Signed) Ejup GANIC
Acting President of the Presidency

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